

RED SEAL LYE



P. C. TOMSON & CO.

Passyunk Station

Philadelphia, Pa., U. S. A.

Preserve this Book for future reference

It contains valuable information never before assembled between the covers of a single book. There are many splendid recipes, scores of useful household hints, rules for etiquette, interpretations of dreams, the language of flowers, many helps for home doctoring, list of wedding anniversaries, numberless toilet hints, instructions for correct letter writing, antidotes for poisons, rules for the care of the baby, and equally helpful knowledge which every housekeeper should have within handy reach, and its information may be absolutely relied on as each recipe has been tested by actual use, each scrap of information vouched for by eminent authority. Hoping that these pages may prove of value to you, we are

Very respectfully,

J. C. TOMSON & CO

The Feister Press Phila.



READ AND BE WISE

Housekeepers don't realize the difference between the old style Concentrated Lye and the new, powerful, convenient

Red Seal Granulated Lye or Potash

It's convenient granulated form makes it useful for dozens of purposes that the old style lye couldn't touch. The can with sifting-top is easy to handle and positively prevents any danger of poisoning, besides keeping the lye from absorbing water and turning liquid.

Red Seal Granulated Lye or Potash

What it is

The Greatest Disinfectant Cleanser discovered. It is the most essential substance in all Soaps and other articles used for cleaning everything.

What it will do

Lye is a strong alkaline substance, the basis of all cleansing compounds. There are many kinds of lye, most of them containing a large percentage of impurities. It used to be thought that lye which was 60% pure was extra strong. But now, improved processes enable us to obtain a lye that is 98% pure, practically an absolutely pure lye.

Red Seal
Lye or Potash
is 98% pure

always uniform in strength, quality and condition, and has no equal for convenience and economy.

HINTS for the HOUSEHOLD

To Make Washing Fluid

$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Powdered Borax.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Salts of Tartar.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Carbonate of Ammonia.
1 can Red Seal 98% Granulated Lye or Potash.

Be sure to use Red Seal Lye in order to get the best result. Dissolve in two gallons of water and use a teacupful of the Washing Fluid to each boiler of water for washing clothes, etc. Acts like magic.

Spots and Stains

To remove paint from window glass, rub vinegar on it.

Fresh Ink Stains will disappear if covered with salt before they dry. Brush the salt off as it absorbs the ink and renew, dampening slightly, until the stains disappear.

Grease Spots—For slight spots, rub thickly with magnesia or starch and let remain two or three days. Brush off. Repeat if necessary. If the stain is bad, make suds with Soap Foam Washing Powder and rub on with bit of the same material as the cloth to be cleaned, and rinse by rubbing well with clean water.

Egg Stains on spoons disappear if rubbed with common salt.

Grass Stains on summer frocks—Moisten with a little alcohol and rub well until no trace is left.

Blood Stains—Soak in cold water first, then wash with Red Seal Laundry Soap and water. Hot water sets the stain.

Scorches in Linen—Spread over them a paste made of the juice of one onion and one-quarter pound Red Seal Laundry Soap.

To Clean Furniture—Wash with a suds of warm water and Soap Foam Washing Powder. The dirt will disappear as if by magic. Dry quickly and rub with an oily cloth. Polish with chamois skin.

Soak Black Calico in salt and water before washing and it will keep its color.

Spots and Stains—Continued

To Clean Carpets Without Taking Them Up—Sweep thoroughly. Put four teaspoonfuls of Soap Foam Washing Powder in a pail of water, and scrub the carpet with an ordinary brush, wiping it dry. Change water frequently. Leave the windows open and the carpet will soon be dry and bright.

Polish Brown Boots with melted beeswax, rubbing well.

Fill Wet Shoes with oats and leave until quite dry. The oats absorb the wet and keep the shoes in shape.

To Clean Hair Brushes so that the bristles will be stiff. Put about a quart of cold water and dissolve a spoonful of Soap Foam Washing Powder in an open basin. Move the brush up and down in this, taking care not to wet the back. The bristles will be clean in less than a minute and without any rubbing. Rinse by dipping into clear water in the same way, shake thoroughly and hang up to dry.

Cane Chairs—The seats of which have sunk down may be renovated by turning upside down and washing with a strong suds of Soap Foam Washing Powder and hot water. Soak them well, then leave to dry, when you will find that the seats are quite flat.

After Washing Dishes—The best and easiest way to clean the sink and cut away all grease and dirt from the pipes is to sift two or three tablespoonfuls of **Red Seal Granulated Lye** into the sink, swab it around with a brush and rinse it down the pipe.

P. S.—Do not let the water splash on your hands or clothes. You never had such a clean sink with so little work.

Insects

Roaches—To banish roaches, bedbugs, etc., dissolve one teaspoonful of **Red Seal Lye or Potash** in one gallon of water and wash all the cracks where they are likely to be found.

To Remove a Tight Ring.

Slip a piece of fine twine through the ring, and wind it evenly around the finger up to the middle joint. Then take hold of the lower end of the string and begin to unwind slowly upward, when the ring will gradually move over the twine and come off.

It is a Wonderful Money Saver



For Soap Making it is Unexcelled

A small quantity of **Red Seal Lye** will make more soap and better soap than any other lye, and save time and fuel into the bargain.

In all other work it is equally satisfactory. The housekeeper who has tried one can of **Red Seal Lye or Potash** will never be without it.

Read on
and see how
much it will do

Sift it Into Your Sink



Sift it into your sink after washing dishes. Every day or two sift a little into all closets, waste pipes, etc., and have your whole house sweet and clean.

It will not injure the pipes, we guarantee that. We have numbers of lead vats full of it.

For Machinists and Nut and Bolt Makers—Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of **Red Seal Lye or Potash** in a gallon of water, and use the solution to clean waste, etc., and to remove oil and grease from nuts, bolts, and all other pieces of machinery or hardware.

For Cleaning Boilers—Dissolve the contents of a can of **Red Seal Lye or Potash** in one gallon of water, pour the solution into the boiler through the safety valve. This will not only remove all scale, but prevents its forming, providing you clean the boiler in this manner each month.

How to Have Good Lamp Light.

Don't use the wick up to the last inch. Get a new one when the old one seems clogged and stiff.

Don't cut the wick. Rub the burned part off with a soft rag every day.

Put fresh oil in the lamp every day, but don't fill it quite full. Leave at least an inch of space at the top.

Keep the outside of the lamp clean and dry, and you will not be troubled with oily odors.

Wash the chimney every day and the globe and other parts at least once a week. Use Soap Foam Washing Powder, and warm water to cut away the grease. Polish the chimneys with soft newspapers.

Give the burners a good boiling once a month. Use a little **Red Seal Lye** sifted into and dissolved in the water. The accumulation of smoke, soot and grease can only be removed by the action of the lye.

Before using a new lamp chimney, wrap it in a cloth and place in a kettle of cold water. Bring to a boil for fifteen minutes. Let the water cool before removing the chimney. No ordinary heat will break a chimney treated in this way.

Hints for the Cook.

HANDY MEASURES.

Flour—One quart weighs one pound two ounces; eight tablespoonfuls are one-half pint or six ounces; three heaping teaspoonfuls are one ounce.

Sugar—Granulated sugar, two level teacupfuls weigh one pound; one quart weighs two pounds. Powdered or soft white sugar, three level teacupfuls weigh one pound.

Soft Butter—Four teacupfuls weigh one pound; a tablespoonful well-rounded weighs one ounce.

Eggs—Ten eggs weigh one pound.

An ordinary sized tumbler or teacup holds one-half pint or eight ounces.

An ordinary wineglass holds two ounces.

The Teeth.

Brush night and morning with lukewarm water, to which a few drops of tincture of myrrh have been added. This cleanses and preserves the teeth and sweetens the breath. Use a little good powder or castile soap occasionally.



The Hair.

Brush for five to ten minutes every morning and night, using a fairly stiff brush. Wash often to keep it clean, but not to make it brittle and dry. Don't use scent, hair oils or pomades. If the hair needs oil, a little vaseline rubbed in every night will do wonders toward making it healthy and glossy.

To make the eye-brows dark and well-shaped, rub a little vaseline into them and brush with a small toothbrush.



The Hands.

Even if you have rough work to do, you may keep your hands very nice with a little care. Keep the finger nails perfectly clean, using a good nailbrush, and trim them regularly. Every night before going to bed, wash the hands in warm water and Royal Pine-Tar Toilet Soap, dry thoroughly and rub some good cold cream well into them. Wear gloves to bed that have the ends of the fingers cut off.

Callous spots may be removed by rubbing with pumice stone.

Stains on the fingers from peeling fruits, potatoes, etc., may be removed by dipping the hands in strong tea, rubbing them well with a nailbrush and rinsing in warm water.

Warts will disappear if rubbed with castor oil several times a day for a few days. Or touch them occasionally with the juice of the common milkweed.



The Careful Letter Writer

Always uses a neat, distinct, careful handwriting.

Makes his sentences clear and easily understood.

Never sends a blotched or scratched-out letter, even if it has to be rewritten.

Never writes a cross or ill-tempered letter, but is always civil and cheerful.

Never talks too much about himself or his own affairs.

Uses plain white unruled paper.

Dates every letter carefully.

Some Other Things It Will Do

Softening Water and Saving Soap—

Sift one half teaspoonful of **Red Seal Lye or Potash** in each bucket of water. Stir till dissolved. For very hard water use more.

Cleaning Paints—One half teaspoonful to one gallon of water.

Scrubbing Floors and Marble—One teaspoonful to one gallon of water.



Removing Green from Bricks—Dissolve four or five tablespoonfuls of **Red Seal Lye** to each bucket of water.

Banishing Rats and Mice—Sift a little **Red Seal Lye** in and around the holes. Be careful not to get it on carpets or woodwork.

Photographers can clean their negatives with a solution made with one tablespoonful of **Red Seal Lye or Potash** dissolved in a quart of water.

For Brewers' and Dairymen's Use



For cleaning and removing the odors from ale and beer kegs, barrels, tubs and brewing vats, etc.; also to clean milk pails, churns, tubs, etc. Take two tablespoonful of **Red Seal Lye or Potash** and dissolve it in one gallon of water. Wash with this solution and rinse thoroughly afterward with pure water.

For Printers' Use—One teaspoonful dissolved in one quart of water; wash the type, rollers and presses with this solution, and be careful to rinse afterwards with pure water.

Table Etiquette

Don't sit down to the table until every one else is ready to sit down.

Don't sit too near the table, nor yet so far away as to be uncomfortable.

Don't put your elbows on the table; keep them out of the way of the persons sitting next you.

Never fill the mouth so that you cannot answer instantly if spoken to.

Don't eat noisily, smack the lips or make any such sounds. They are very ill-bred.

Never put the knife in the mouth; there is no excuse for it.

The Home Doctor

Troubles that a Lemon will Cure—Biliousness may be cured by squeezing the juice of a lemon into half a glass of water, adding a little baking soda and drinking while it foams.

Lemon juice prevents chilblains. Neuralgia may be cured by rubbing the part affected with a lemon. For dandruff, rub the roots of the hair with lemon juice.

Burns—A paste of common baking soda and water spread on a burn will stop the pain and inflammation almost immediately.

Bruises will not become discolored if very hot water is applied instantly, changing the cloth as soon as it cools.

Neuralgia may be relieved by applying hot, dry flannels to the painful part, changing often.

A Cure for Hiccoughs is to draw in as deep a breath as possible, and hold it as long as you can.

A **Sore Corn** will be greatly relieved by rubbing it with a little oil of peppermint.

Out of the Sinks, Drains, etc., in most houses, come the worst diseases. They need more care than you think and some very neat people would be shocked if they could see the accumulation of dirt, grease and filth that are lodged in their pipes, *just out of sight*. The best cleanser and disinfectant for all such purposes is one that is very easy to get and easier to use—**Red Seal Granulated Lye**. A little sifted into sinks, drains, closets and pipes every day, or at least every few days, will act like magic in cleansing and purifying. Doctors say it *goes where chloride of lime and such things can't reach*. There nothing like it.

Good Dishes for Every Day.

Famous Philadelphia Scramble—Boil the head, tail and feet of a pig till the meat is quite tender. Remove the bones. To the meat add two tablespoonfuls each of powdered sage and summer savory, four tablespoonfuls of salt and two teaspoonfuls of pepper. Add enough corn-meal to make a mush. Stir thoroughly and boil for two to two and a half hours. Pour into square pans, and when cold cut into slices and fry like mush.

Breakfast Balls—One pound stewing beef-ends and small pieces will do. Get the butcher to chop it fine. Add salt, pepper and a little sage or chopped parsley and make into balls. Beat one egg; dip the balls in this, then in cracker-dust or bread-crumbs and fry in hot lard.

Egg Gems—Take any left-over pieces of meat or poultry, chop fine and add half the quantity of stale bread-crumbs. Season with butter, salt, pepper, and enough milk to make it moist. Fill buttered gem pans three-quarters full, and on top of each one break an egg. Dust the eggs with salt, pepper, cracker dust and a little butter. Bake eight or ten minutes in a hot oven and serve at once.

Fresh Herrings with Onions.—Wash and scrape six large herrings, remove the heads, tails and fins. Cut each fish down the back and remove the bone. Slice two or three onions into dripping and fry for five minutes. Dip the herrings in batter and fry with the onions, adding more drippings. About ten minutes will fry them. Serve the herrings with the onions laid over them.

Corn Beef Hash. One pint of cold boiled corn beef chopped fine, one pint cold boiled potatoes, chopped. Put in a frying pan with one cup of water, or gravy if you have it. Add a tablespoonful of butter, a sliced onion and pepper and salt to taste. Stir until boiling hot.

Salad Dressing Without Oil—One beaten egg, one teaspoonful each of sugar, salt and mustard, rubbed smooth. Add eight tablespoonfuls of vinegar and cook till it becomes a thick custard. Thin it with cream or milk.

Macaroni and Cheese—Break in small pieces enough macaroni to fill a cup. Cook in boiling salted water

PLUMBERS HATE RED SEAL LYE



Half their business comes from clogged-up pipes, bad drainage, foul odors arising from the decomposition of waste matter in pipes and drains, etc. No such state is possible where **Red Seal Lye or Potash** is known and used. It goes straight to the spots from which disease comes, and entirely destroys not only odors but microbes and germs. Doctors say it is a perfect disinfectant.

It goes
where Chloride of Lime
can't reach.

Why Soap Foam

Washing Powder Is better than Soap



All soap contains a large amount of water. You know that hard old soap does far better work than new soap. That is because the useless water has dried out of it.

In **Soap Foam** the dry work is already done for you, and you pay for nothing but pure concentrated soap, perfectly pure soap powder and free from all insoluble substances or adulteration whatever.

But with all its strength, **Soap Foam** is delicate in its action. Your wash looks cleaner, whiter, sweeter than you ever saw it before. No such thing as "eating" the clothes. *The finest laces and linens may be washed with it without the slightest harm.*

Soap Foam does not roughen the hands if used sparingly; in fact, *it is splendid for the toilet and bath.*

In scrubbing, cleaning, washing dishes, and everything for which soap is used, **Soap Foam** acts like magic. Try a package in your work around the house, and you will agree that it is.

The Finest Soap Powder In the World

N. B.—Be sure you get **Soap Foam**. There are plenty of worthless imitations, but there is only one "**Soap Foam**" Washing Powder.

Especially adapted for washing dishes and kitchen utensils, glass-ware, windows, and painted woodwork, also for general house-cleaning purposes. Directions for all uses around each and every package.

Good Dishes for Every Day. Continued.

until tender, stirring constantly. Drain and rinse with cold water. Butter a pudding dish and put layer of macaroni and grated cheese until the dish is full. Pour over it a sauce made of one tablespoonful each of flour and butter and a large cup of milk, salt and pepper to taste. Cover with bread-crumbs and dots of butter and bake until brown.

Home-made Rye Bread—Two cups of Indian meal made into a thick batter with scalding water. When cold add a small cup of bread sponge, a little sugar, salt, and a level teaspoonful of soda. Stir into it as much rye flour as possible. Let rise till very light, then work in as much rye flour as you can without kneading. Mould into loaves and let rise for half an hour. Bake slowly for an hour and a half, letting the fire go down gradually during the last half hour. Butter the crusts when taken from the oven.



How to be Beautiful.

You may not be able to choose your features, but you can have a clear complexion, good color, glossy hair, white teeth, and bright eyes, and these go a good way toward making beauty. Follow carefully the hints given below and you will soon be astonished to see how your appearance is improving.

See to the general health first. If your blood is poor, or your digestion weak, a good complexion is impossible.

Bathe frequently, every day if possible.



Toilet Hints.

The Complexion—Wash with warm water and Royal Pine-Tar Toilet Soap before going to bed, and rub the face thoroughly with cold cream.

For an Oily Skin—Add one teaspoonful of tincture of benzoin to fifteen teaspoonfuls of soft water, shaking thoroughly. Put this on the face with a small sponge or bit of old linen rag.

To Remove Freckles—Mix thoroughly one wineglass lemon juice, one pint rain-water, five drops essence of rose. Use as a face wash.

What Did You Dream Last Night?

If you dream that an absent friend has died, you will hear good news.

To dream of scolding and abuse means a quarrel with your lover.

To dream of falling down, down, down, means that great trouble is in store for you, and you will have a hard time to overcome it.

To dream of a sudden fright is a warning to prepare for sudden news.

To dream about your age foretells your approaching death.

If you dream of having an arm or a leg cut off it means the certain death of one of your friends.

Going to a fair means good news; you will receive money.

Baking in a dream means sorrow and a death, probably of your lover.

If you dream of seeing a coffin carried from your house, it means someone in the family will be married soon.

A girl who dreams of getting a new hat is going to have a new lover. If the hat she dreams about is pink or green, he will be deceitful; if yellow, he will be jealous; if blue, he will be true and loving.

To dream of seeing a corpse foretells trouble.

Eating eggs in a dream means great good fortune.

Dreaming of oranges is a bad sign. You will lose your property, and good name, and a close friend, probably your lover, will be very ill.

If you dream that your absent sweetheart looks handsome and pleasant, that means that he is true to you. If he looks pale or sad, he is fickle and faithless.



How To Do It.

In Canning Fruit—A teaspoonful of brandy placed in each can will positively prevent souring and fermentation.

Boil Potatoes with their jackets on. They will be more mealy and better flavored than if peeled first. Don't soak potatoes in cold water before boiling.

To Pack Eggs—Put a layer of salt about two inches deep in a keg, then a layer of eggs, little end down, then another layer of salt, and so on until the keg is filled. The last layer should be salt. Cover the keg and turn once a week. Store in a cool, dry place and the eggs will keep perfectly.

Red Seal Laundry Soap

Are you tired of washing with any old soap that your grocer gives you and seeing your clothes yellowed and worn to shreds under the action of strong alkali and constant rubbing on the washboard?

Why Not Use Red Seal Laundry Soap?

It's just as easy to get, cheaper than poor soap in the end, and it's a treasure to have in the house. Loosens dirt like magic, on anything from greasy floors to dainty laces. No free alkali to harm the material, no long and tiresome rubbing.

Red Seal Laundry Soap is made of the finest materials to be had. Its wonderful power is due to certain ingredients unknown to anyone but its makers. It is absolutely free from cotton-seed oils and residuum of such oils, all of which have a tendency to yellow the clothes.

These ingredients will act in hot or cold hard or soft water, old way or new way of washing. **Red Seal Laundry Soap** is a wash easy soap, no matter how you use it, and the woman who uses it will never use anything but

Red Seal
Laundry Soap
The Finest
Laundry Soap
in the World

Royal Pine-Tar Toilet Soap

As Pure a Soap as can be made

A toilet soap must be made with the greatest care, from the purest materials, or it will act harshly upon the skin, making it rough and tender.

Royal Pine-Tar Toilet Soap

Is made from pure vegetable oils, glycerine, pine tar, etc., all of which are known to have the most beneficial effect on the skin. The ingredients are thoroughly and carefully combined, leaving absolutely no free alkali to injure the most delicate skin.

But Royal Pine-Tar Toilet Soap is more than simply Pure—its nature's great antiseptic.

Expert chemists and physicians everywhere recommend it for its valuable antiseptic properties. No soap is better for cleansing and purifying ulcers, wounds, and all other skin affections.

It Lathers Freely

Royal Pine-Tar Toilet Soap

Quickly produces a fine lather, easy to apply, and soft and soothing in its effect.

The Soap that can be used freely on a Baby's skin

Is as pure a soap as anyone could want.

Royal Pine-Tar Toilet Soap

Is invaluable in the nursery. To keep the baby's skin in perfect condition apply freely the lather of the soapy water with a soft sponge.

Prickly heat, chafing, milk crust and all such skin affections will be entirely cured and prevented by its use.

For scurf, etc., apply the lather to the scalp and allow it to dry over night. Rinse with clear, tepid water in the morning.

To Save Doctors' Bills.

Never go to bed with cold or damp feet.

Never lean with the back upon anything that is cold.

Never begin a journey until the breakfast has been eaten.

Never take warm drinks and then immediately go out into the cold.

Never omit regular bathing, for unless the skin is in regular condition the cold will close the pores and favor congestion or other diseases.

After exercise of any kind, never ride in an open carriage, or near the window of a car for a moment; it is dangerous to health and even life.

When hoarse, speak as little as possible until the hoarseness is recovered from, else the voice may be permanently lost or difficulties of the throat be produced.

Merely warm the back by the fire, and never continue keeping the back exposed to the heat after it has become comfortably warm. To do otherwise is debilitating.

When going from a warm atmosphere into a cooler one, keep the mouth always closed, so that the air may be warmed by its passage through the nose ere it reaches the lungs.

Never stand still in cold weather, especially after having taken a slight degree of exercise, and always avoid standing on ice or snow, where the person is exposed to the cold wind.



Antidotes for Poisons.

The most convenient thing usually is mustard water—two tablespoonfuls of mustard to a pint of warm water. Give that till something else is obtained.

Zinc or Lead Poisoning—Give milk or white of egg in large quantities.

Arsenic-Mustard and salt—one tablespoonful of each.

Vitriol, Oxalic Acid, or Aqua Fortis—Magnesia or soap dissolved in water.

Carbolic Acid—Flour and water.

Laudanum or Morphine—Strong coffee, followed by strong mustard water. Keep in motion.

Chloroform—Cold water poured on head and face, artificial respiration.

Strychnine—Plenty of mustard in warm water.

About Baby.

Don't give the nursing baby "anything it wants to keep it quiet," because you may give it something to keep yourself awake day and night until after the funeral.

Don't let a nursing baby go without a flannel stomach band summer and winter.

Don't feed your baby from a sour or otherwise unclean nursing bottle. After a thousand times let the baby yell for its dinner for a few minutes longer and have a clean bottle.

Don't "jounce" your baby on your knee to stop its crying. If it does stop it is not because it has become happy, but because it hasn't enough lung power left to permit it to breathe and to cry too.

Don't kiss the baby on the mouth or on the eyes, and don't let any one else do so. It is dangerous to the baby if the mouth of the kisser be in any way tainted.

Don't put your finger in the baby's mouth "to feel for teeth" or for any other purpose, without first having thoroughly cleansed your hands. And then don't do it.

Plain, boiled water, given between feedings, will often aid digestion and satisfy the child when restless.

Cholera infantum would be of rare occurrence if proper attention was always given to the quality and the quantity of the food.

Cleanliness as applied to the body, the mouth, the food, the vessels, the clothing, the furniture, the floor, the carpets, the beds, and the atmosphere, should be strictly observed.



Cooking for the Sick.

Beef Tea—Chop finely one pound lean beef; put in a sauce pan with one pint of cold water, and let stand one hour; then let it come to a boil slowly and simmer one-half hour; strain through a sieve or napkin; season and serve.

Beef Tea Eggnog (No. 1)—Put the yolk of an egg into a cup; gradually add three-fourths cupful of hot beef tea; salt to taste; then beat the white to a stiff froth and place on top.

Beef Tea Eggnog (No. 2)—Beat an egg till it foams; gradually add three-fourths cupful of hot beef tea; season to taste.

As a Medicinal Application

Royal Pine-Tar Toilet Soap has no equal. For all skin diseases, such as sores, ulcers, etc., make a thick lather and apply with a soft sponge.

For insect bites and stings, corns, boils, eczema, etc., scrape off a small portion of the soap, wet to a paste with water, and apply to the diseased parts.

In all other skin affections, such as salt rheum, tetter, ringworm, pimples, baldness, itching, ivy poisoning, stings, offensive perspiration, etc.

Royal Pine-Tar Toilet Soap

Works like magic in the relief it affords.

How to Use

Royal Pine-Tar Toilet Soap

For the Hair

Shampoo once a week with this soap and lukewarm water and rinse thoroughly with cold water to prevent dandruff and falling hair, rub on a thick lather on the scalp, rub dry with a towel. Let it remain all night. Next morning sponge with cold water. Do this twice a week for three to six weeks. It will perfectly restore the natural and healthy condition of the scalp.

For the Complexion

Wash the face with tepid water and **Royal Pine-Tar Toilet Soap** every night. All pimples, blackheads, unhealthy pores, oily skin, etc., will disappear and the skin will become soft, white and healthy.

For Rough, Red or Chapped Hands

Wash the skin carefully in the lather and let it dry on.

For Tender Feet

Tender feet, chilblains, etc., will be greatly relieved by bathing the feet in the lather and letting it dry on.

Royal Pine-Tar Toilet Soap

is put up in tin-foil wrappers, and is for sale by reliable druggists, or sent by mail to any person sending us the price, 25 cents per large cake (which includes postage).

P. C. TOMSON & CO.

Makers

Passyunk Station, Philadelphia
Penn., U. S. A.

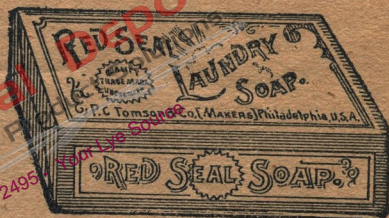
A pure, antiseptic Toilet Soap

Fine enough for a
Baby's Skin

That's **Royal
Pine-Tar
Toilet Soap**



**Red Seal
Laundry
Soap**



Washes fine linens, laces, and
such fabrics as perfectly as the
coarsest muslin.

Four pounds of happiness
for the housekeeper in this
package of

**Labor-Saving
Soap
Foam**



Red Seal Granulirte Lauge oder Pottasche

Was sie ist

Der großartigste bisher entdeckte Desinfektions-Reiniger. Sie ist die wirksamste Substanz, die allen Seifen und anderen Mitteln, die zum Reinigen irgend welcher Sachen gebraucht werden.

Was sie thut

Lauge ist eine starke alkalische Substanz, die Grundlage aller reinigenden Präparate. Es giebt viele Arten von Lauge, von denen die meisten einen großen Prozentsatz Unreinigkeiten enthalten. Lauge, welche 60% rein war, wurde früher als sehr stark angesehen. Verbesserte Methoden setzen uns aber jetzt in den Stand, eine Lauge herzustellen, die 98% rein ist—eine beinahe absolut reine Lauge.

Red Seal Lauge oder Pottasche ist 98% rein

stets von gleichmäßiger Stärke, Qualität und Beschaffenheit und hat für Bequemlichkeit und Ersparnis nicht ihres Gleichen.

Anfertigung von Seife.

Mit Hilfe dieses wundervollen Mittels ist Seife-Machen der reinste, leichteste und billigste Prozess, den Sie sich wünschen können. Sie können in zwanzig Minuten, ohne Kochen, zehn Pfund harte Seife herstellen, die billiger, reiner und besser ist, als man sie kaufen kann.

Befolgen Sie diese Anweisungen genau, so werden Sie, wenn ächte Red Seal Granulirte Lauge gebraucht wird, Erfolge erzielen, die Sie überraschen werden.

Zehn Pfund harte Seife ohne Kochen.—Man nehme fünf und ein halbes Pfund reines Fett, Schmalz oder Talg, frei von Salz, zerlasse es in einer gewöhnlichen Pfanne oder Kessel und stelle es bei Seite, bis es lau-warm ist. Während das Fett abkühlt, nehme man eine Büchse Tomson's Red Seal Lauge oder Pottasche und löse den Inhalt in drei und einen halben Pint kalten Wasser in einem irdenen oder eisernen Topf oder Pfanne auf. Wenn die Lauge oder Pottasche ungefähr zur Temperatur der Sommerhitze abgekühlt ist, gieße sie langsam in das Fett (nicht das Fett in die Lauge) und rühre, bis die Lauge oder Pottasche und das Fett sich völlig verbunden und ein dickes und gleichmäßiges Aussehen haben; rühre aber nicht zu lange, sonst sondern sie sich wieder ab. Gieße die Mischung dann in eine Form oder Holzschachtel, die mit Papier oder Kattun ausgelegt ist, decke sie zu und stelle sie für einen oder zwei Tage an einen warmen Ort; dann kann man die Seife mit einem dünnen Bindfaden oder feinen Strich in Stücke beliebiger Größe schneiden.

Durch Befolgen dieser Anweisungen werden Sie zehn Pfund Seife reiner, feinsten und besser Qualität erhalten.

Vorsicht.—Seien Sie sicher, daß das Fett frei von Salz ist. Man gieße die Lauge in das Fett, nicht das Fett in die Lauge und gebe Acht, daß die Seife nicht zu warm wird.

Wichtig.—Sollte das Fett und die Lauge sich absondern, so lasse man sie kalt werden und rühre dann um, bis sie sich wieder verbinden. Gieße in eine Form, wie oben angegeben.

Weiche Seife schnell anzufertigen.—Man nehme ein Quart der ohne Kochen gemachten harten Seife, ehe sie abkühlt, koch mit 5 Gallonen Wasser in einem großen Kessel etwa 10 Minuten, lasse abkühlen und Sie werden eine sehr gute, weiche Seife erhalten.

Notiz.—Gebrauche Red Seal Lauge oder Pottasche nicht wie Seifenpulver. Lasse sie nicht mit den Händen oder Kleibern in Berührung kommen. Sie ist eine starke alkalische Substanz und muß sehr vorsichtig und in kleinen Quantitäten gebraucht werden. Dies ist ein Grund, warum sie so vortheilhaft ist.

Do You Like Good Coffee?

If so, we desire to call your attention to

Columbia Brand

of Chicorien Extract, an article which will greatly improve Coffee by giving it body, strength, and a richness of flavor in no other manner to be obtained, besides removing the evil effects greatly superinduced by using inferior grades of Coffee, Chicory, and various other articles so frequently purchased for this purpose.

Columbia Brand of Chicorien Extract is a harmless compound, free from all injurious substances, and contains nearly sixty-six per cent. nutritious matter against thirty-one per cent. for Coffee, and is extensively recommended and used by the medical profession, owing to its superior qualities of nutrition and entire absence of nerve stimulants. One trial will convince you of its excellent qualities, and you will never be without it.

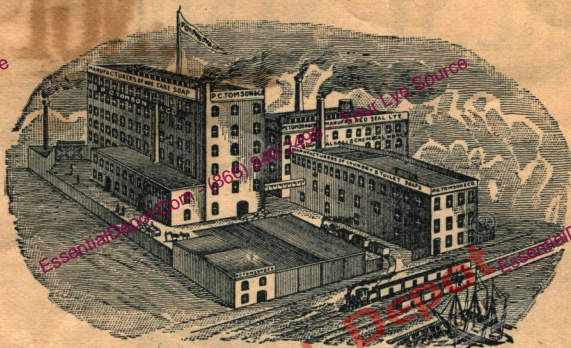
DIRECTIONS—One teaspoonful of **COLUMBIA BRAND** Chicorien mixed with six teaspoonfuls of pure Coffee. Use more or less after this formula according to amount of Coffee desired. This will give a finer Coffee than double the amount of pure Coffee without the **COLUMBIA** Chicorien.

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**Price, 3 Cents per Roll, or Two Rolls
for 5 Cents.**

N. B.—**COLUMBIA** Chicorien is packed only in red-white-and-blue wrappers. Do not take anything else on the strength of the storekeeper offering "something just as good," because he has not the **COLUMBIA** Chicorien, but send us **5 Cents** in stamps for mailing, with name and address of your storekeeper and we will mail you a full-size roll **FREE**.





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1 Can Red Seal 98% Granulated Lye or Potash.

Get the above ingredients from your storekeeper and be sure to use RED SEAL LYE or POTASH, in order to get the best results. Dissolve in two gallons of water and use a teacup full of the Washing Fluid to each boiler of water for washing clothes, &c.

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